Evidence-Based Medicine



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Systematic review

Scoping systematic review on the extent, nature and quality of evidence underlying ophthalmic and paraophthalmic education

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- Intraoperative on-table endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) is better than laparoscopic bile duct exploration for concomitant bile duct stones during emergency laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- Liraglutide, a GLP-1 receptor agonist, prevents cardiovascular outcomes in patients with type 2
- 29 Early initiation of antiretroviral therapy prevents HIV transmission to seronegative sexual partners

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- 30 Intensive treatment of hypertension to a SBP <120 mm Hg in patients aged 75 and over reduces mortality and cardiovascular events
- In critically ill patients with acute kidney injury stage 2, early initiation of renal replacement therapy is associated with reduced 90-day mortality compared to delayed initiation
- Coronary-artery bypass surgery plus medical therapy is associated with longer survival over 10 years than medical therapy alone in patients with ischaemic cardiomyopathy
- 33 Caloric restriction improves health-related quality of life in healthy normal weight and overweight
- Weekly adalimumab significantly reduces the number of abscesses and inflammatory nodules in patients with moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa

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- Pitfalls of administrative database analysis are evident when assessing the 'weekend effect' in
- Height of head centre of gravity predicts paediatric head injury severity in short-distance falls

Aetiology/Harm

- Cone depth increases risk of adverse obstetric outcomes following treatment for cervical preinvasive
- 38 Consuming meals prepared at home more frequently appears to reduce the risk of type 2 diabetes, weight gain and obesity
- Whether neonatal phototherapy increases the risk of cancer in children is a disturbing unresolved issue



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